1792.

Resolved, That this House doth adhere to the said amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

Mr. Bourne, of Massachusetts, from the Joint Committee for Enrolled Bills, reported that the committee did, this day, wait on the President of the United States, and present, for his approbation, an enrolled bill, entitled "An act for an apportionment of Representatives among the several States, according to the first enumeration."

The several orders of the day were further postponed until to-morrow. And then the House adjourned until to-morrow morning eleven o'clock.

TUESDAY, MARCH 27.

Mr. Bourne, of Massachusetts, from the Joint Committee for Enrolled Bills, reported that the committee had examined an enrolled bill, which originated in the Senate, entitled "An act supplemental to the act for making farther and more effectual provision for the protection of the frontiers of the United States," and found the same to be truly enrolled: Whereupon,

Mr. Speaker signed the said enrolled bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Otis, their Secretary :

Mr. Speaker. The Senate recede from their disagreement to the amendment adhered to by this House, to the bill, entitled "An act establishing a mint, and regulating the coins of the United States." And then he withdrew.

A message was received from the President of the United States, by Mr. Lear, his Secretary, notifying that the President did, this day, approve and sign two acts: one entitled "An act for the relief of certain widows, orphans, invalids, and other persons;" the other entitled "An act for the settlement of the claims of persons under particular circumstances, barred by the limitations heretofore established."

Ordered, That the Clerk of this House do acquaint the Senate therewith.

On a motion made and seconded that the House do come to the following resolutions:

"Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to institute an inquiry into the causes of the late defeat of the Army under the command of Major General St. Clair; and also, into the causes of the detentions or delays which are suggested to have attended the money, clothing, provisions, and military stores, for the use of the said Army, and into such other causes as may, in any manner, have been productive of the said defeat."

A division of the said motion was called for, and the question being put, that the

House do agree to the first clause thereof, in the words following:

"Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to institute an inquiry into the causes of the late defeat of the Army under the command of Major-General St. Clair ;"

The yeas and nays being demanded by one-fifth of the members present,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are,

John Baptist Ashe, Elias Boudinot, Abraham Clarke, William Findley, William B. Giles, Benjamin Goodhue, Daniel Heister, Aaron Kitchell, Richard Bland Lee, Nathaniel Macon, John Page,

Those who voted in the negative, are,

Fisher Ames, Abraham Baldwin, Robert Barnwell, Egbert Benson, Shearjashub Bourne, Josiah Parker, Cornelius C. Schoonmaker, Joshua Seney, Thomas Sumpter, Peter Silvester, George Thatcher, Thomas Tredwell, Abraham Venable, Artemas Ward, and Francis Willis.

Benjamin Bourne, John Brown, Thomas Fitzsimons, Nicholas Gilman, James Gordon,

Andrew Gregg, Samuel Griffin, William Barry Grove, Thomas Hartley, James Hillhouse, Daniel Huger, Philip Key, Amasa Learned, Samuel Lavermore, James Madison, John Francis Mercer, Andrew Moore,

William Vans Murray, Nathaniel Niles. Theodore Sedgwick, Jeremiah Smith, Israel Smith. William Smith, John Steele, Samuel Sterrett, Jonathan Sturges, John Vining, Alexander White, and Hugh Williamson.

Frederick Augustus Muhlenberg,

And so the said motion was rejected.

Another motion was then made and seconded that the House do come to the following resolution:

"Resolved, That'a committee be appointed to inquire into the causes of the failure of the late expedition under Major General St. Clair; and that the said committee be empowered to call for such persons, papers, and records, as may be necessary to assist their inquiries."

And the question being put that the House do agree to the same;

It was resolved in the affirmative, \{\) \text{Veas} \tag{Nays} \tag{Nays} \tag{10}.

The yeas and nays being demanded by one fifth of the members present,

Those who voted in the affirmative, are,

John Baptist Ashe, Araham Baldwin, Shearjashub Rourne, Benjamin Bourne, John Brown, Abraham Clarke, William Findley, Thomas Fitzsimons, William B. Giles, Nicholas Gilman, James Gordon, Andrew Gregg, Samuel Griffin, William Barry Grove, Thomas Hartley, Daniel Heister Daniel Huger, Philip Key, Aaron Kitchell, John W. Kittera, Richard Bland Lee, Samuel Livermore,

Those who voted in the negative, are,

Fisher Ames, Robert Barnwell, Egbert Benson. Benjamin Goodhue, James Hillhouse,

Nathaniel Macon. James Madison, John Francis Mercer. Andrew Moore, Frederick Augustus Muhlenburg. William Vans Murray, Nathaniel Niles, Josiah Parker, Theodore Sedgwick, Joshua Sency, Jeremiah Smith, John Steele, Samuel Sterrett, Jonathan Sturges, Peter Silvester, Thomas Tredwell, Thomas Tudor Tucker, John Vining, Artemas Ward, Alexander White. Hugh Williamson, and

John Page, Cornelius C. Schoonmaker, Israel Smith, William Smith, and Thomas Sumpter.

Francis Willis.

Ordered, That Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Giles, Mr. Steele, Mr. Mercer, Mr. Vining, Mr. Clarke, and Mr. Sedgwick, be appointed the said Committee.

Ordered, That the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Secretary of War, return the petitions presented to this House, by invalids and others, whose cases are comprehended in the provision of any act of the present session, with the papers accompanying the said petitions, which have been referred to them, and are now in their respective offices; and that the several petitioners have leave to withdraw their petitions.

The House proceeded to consider the report of the committee to whom was referred