Sixty-sixth Congress of the United States of America;

At the First Session,

Began and held at the City of Washington on Monday, the nineteenth day of May, 
one thousand nine hundred and nineteen.

AN ACT

To prohibit intoxicating beverages, and to regulate the manufacture, 
production, use, and sale of high-proof spirits for other than beverage 
purposes, and to insure an ample supply of alcohol and promote its use 
in scientific research and in the development of fuel, dye, and other lawful 
industries.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United 
States of America in Congress assembled, That the short title of this Act shall 
be the "National Prohibition Act."

TITLE I.

TO PROVIDE FOR THE ENFORCEMENT OF WAR PROHIBITION.

The term "War Prohibition Act" used in this Act shall mean the 
provisions of any Act or Acts prohibiting the sale and manufacture of intoxicating 
liquors until the conclusion of the present war and thereafter until the 
termination of demobilization, the date of which shall be determined and 
proclaimed by the President of the United States. The words "beer, wine, 
or other intoxicating malt or vinous liquors" in the War Prohibition Act shall 
be hereafter construed to mean any such beverages which contain one-half 
of 1 per centum or more of alcohol by volume: Provided, That the foregoing 
definition shall not extend to dealkoholized wine nor to any beverage or liquid 
produced by the process by which beer, ale, porter or wine is produced, if it 
contains less than one-half of 1 per centum of alcohol by volume, and is made 
as prescribed in section 87 of Title II of this Act, and is otherwise denominated 
than as beer, ale, or porter, and is contained and sold in, or from, such sealed 
and labeled bottles, casks, or containers as the commissioner may by regu-
lation prescribe.
SEC. 6. If any section or provision of this Act shall be held to be invalid, it is hereby provided that all other provisions of this Act which are not expressly held to be invalid shall continue in full force and effect.

SEC. 7. None of the provisions of this Act shall be construed to repeal any of the provisions of the "War Prohibition Act," or to limit or annul any order or regulation prohibiting the manufacture, sale, or disposition of intoxicating liquors within certain prescribed zones or districts, nor shall the provisions of this Act be construed to prohibit the use of the power of the military or naval authorities to enforce the regulations of the President or Secretary of War or Navy issued in pursuance of law, prohibiting the manufacture, use, possession, sale, or other disposition of intoxicating liquors during the period of the war and demobilization thereafter.

TITLE II.

PROHIBITION OF INTOXICATING BEVERAGES.

SEC. 1. When used in Title II and Title III of this Act (1) The word "liquor" or the phrase "intoxicating liquor" shall be construed to include alcohol, brandy, whisky, rum, gin, beer, ale, porter, and wine, and in addition thereto any spirituous, vinous, malt, or fermented liquor, liquids, and compounds, whether medicated, proprietary, patented, or not, and by whatever name called, containing one-half of 1 per centum or more of alcohol by volume which are fit for use for beverage purposes: Provided, That the foregoing definition shall not extend to dealcoholized wine nor to any beverage or liquid produced by the process by which beer, ale, porter or wine is produced, if it contains less than one-half of 1 per centum of alcohol by volume, and is made as prescribed in section 37 of this title, and is otherwise denominated than as beer, ale, or porter, and is contained and sold in, or from, such sealed and labeled bottles, casks, or containers as the commissioner may by regulation prescribe.

(2) The word "person" shall mean and include natural persons, associations, copartnerships, and corporations.

(3) The word "commissioner" shall mean Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

(4) The term "application" shall mean a formal written request supported by a verified statement of facts showing that the commissioner may grant the request.

(5) The term "permit" shall mean a formal written authorization by the commissioner setting forth specifically therein the things that are authorized.

(6) The term "bond" shall mean an obligation authorized or required by or under this Act or any regulation, executed in such form and for such a penal sum as may be required by a court, the commissioner or prescribed by regulation.

(7) The term "regulation" shall mean any regulation prescribed by the commissioner with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury for carrying out