

which announced, on the dates indicated, he had approved and signed the following acts and joint resolutions:

On October 19, 1966:

S. 3834. An act to amend chapter 141 of title 10, United States Code, to provide for price adjustments in contracts for the procurement of milk by the Department of Defense.

On November 2, 1966:

S. 2102. An act to protect and conserve the North Pacific fur seals, to provide for the administration of the Pribilof Islands, to conserve the fur seals and other wildlife on the Pribilof Islands, and to protect sea otters on the high seas; and

S. 2720. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to develop, through the use of experiment and demonstration plants, practicable and economic means for the production by the commercial fishing industry of fish protein concentrate.

On November 3, 1966:

S. 985. An act to regulate interstate and foreign commerce by preventing the use of unfair or deceptive methods of packaging or labeling of certain consumer commodities distributed in such commerce, and for other purposes;

S. 2947. An act to amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act in order to improve and make more effective certain programs pursuant to such act;

S. 3008. An act to amend the Public Health Service Act to promote and assist in the extension and improvement of comprehensive health planning and public health services, to provide for a more effective use of available Federal funds for such planning and services, and for other purposes;

S. 3298. An act to amend the Federal Hazardous Substances Labeling Act to ban hazardous toys and articles intended for children, and other articles so hazardous as to be dangerous in the household regardless of labeling, and to apply to unpackaged articles intended for household use, and for other purposes; and

S. 3708. An act to assist comprehensive city demonstration programs for rebuilding slum and blighted areas and for providing the public facilities and services necessary to improve the general welfare of the people who live in those areas, to assist and encourage planned metropolitan development, and for other purposes.

On November 5, 1966:

S. 84. An act to provide for reimbursement to the State of Wyoming for improvements made on certain lands in Sweetwater County, Wyo., if and when such lands revert to the United States;

S. 360. An act to provide for the establishment of the Indiana Dunes National Lakeshore, and for other purposes;

S. 476. An act to amend the act approved March 18, 1950, providing for the construction of airports in or in close proximity to national parks, national monuments, and national recreation areas, and for other purposes;

S. 690. An act for the relief of Norman J. Pitman;

S. 769. An act for the relief of Dr. Marshall Ku;

S. 1068. An act for the relief of Fred E. Starr;

S. 1101. An act to provide for the conveyance of certain mineral interests of the United States in seventy-nine and one-hundred-and-eighty-four one-thousandths acres located near Orangeburg, S.C., to Allen E. Dominick, the owner of such property;

S. 1137. An act for the relief of Dr. Rafael Pedro Martinez Torres;

S. 1349. An act to amend the inland, Great Lakes, and western rivers rules concerning sailing vessels and vessels under 65 feet in length;

S. 1496. An act to repeal section 3342 of title 5, United States Code, relating to the prohibition of employees detailed from the field service to the departmental service, and for other purposes;

S. 1556. An act to authorize the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System to delegate certain of its functions, and for other purposes;

S. 1572. An act for the relief of Merritt A. Seefeldt and August S. Seefeldt;

S. 1760. An act to authorize the acceptance of a settlement of certain indebtedness of Greece to the United States and to authorize the use of the payments resulting from the settlement for a cultural and educational exchange program;

S. 3148. An act to provide for the conveyance of all right, title, and interest of the United States reserved or retained in certain lands heretofore conveyed to the city of El Paso, Tex.; and

S.J. Res. 133. Joint resolution designating February 1967 as "American History Month."

On November 6, 1966:

S. 1861. An act to provide additional assistance for areas suffering a major disaster;

S. 2010. An act for the relief of Fun Wat Hoy;

S. 2040. An act for the relief of Dr. Dean H. Gosselin;

S. 2109. An act for the relief of Dr. Ollibo S. Rodriguez-Eiras;

S. 2222. An act for the relief of Susan Jeanne Clynes;

S. 2451. An act for the relief of Che Yim Loh;

S. 2491. An act for the relief of Dr. Juan Federico Antonio Lamas y Parra;

S. 2500. An act for the relief of James A. Todd, Jr.;

S. 2821. An act for the relief of Ioannis A. Vasilopoulos and Chester (Abramczyk) Hill;

S. 2750. An act for the relief of You I. Souk;

S. 2751. An act for the relief of David R. Slemom;

S. 2763. An act for the relief of Dr. Marcial Alfredo Marti Prieto (Alfredo Marti);

S. 2798. An act for the relief of CWO Glen Zeigler, U.S. Navy, retired;

S. 2801. An act for the relief of Helena Gilbert Maddagiri and Heather Gilbert Maddagiri;

S. 2829. An act to amend section 301(a)(7) of the Immigration and Nationality Act;

S. 2979. An act to extend coverage of the State Technical Services Act of 1965 to the territory of Guam;

S. 3209. An act for the relief of Zofia Zych;

S. 3222. An act for the relief of Dusko Doder;

S. 3230. An act to authorize the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution to negotiate cooperative agreements granting concessions at the National Zoological Park to certain nonprofit organizations and to accept voluntary services of such organizations or of individuals, and for other purposes;

S. 3254. An act to amend sections 2072 and 2112 of title 28, United States Code, with respect to the scope of the Federal rules of civil procedure and to repeal inconsistent legislation;

S. 3258. An act for the relief of Deniz Hikmet Sen Manes;

S. 3318. An act for the relief of Yung Mi Klim;

S. 3358. An act for the relief of Theodora Bezates;

S. 3391. An act to amend the Shiping Act, 1916, as amended, to authorize exemption from the provisions of the act;

S. 3466. An act to change the name of the Rolla Jewel Bearing Plant at Rolla, N. Dak., to the William Langer Jewel Bearing Plant;

S. 3488. An act to grant the consent of Congress for the States of Virginia and Maryland and the District of Columbia to amend the Washington metropolitan area transit

regulation compact to establish an organization empowered to provide transit facilities in the National Capital region and for other purposes and to enact said amendment for the District of Columbia; and

S. 3675. An act to amend title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949 to provide for the determination of the amounts of claims of nationals of the United States against the Chinese Communist regime.

On November 7, 1966:

S. 2338. An act to authorize the erection of a memorial in the District of Columbia to Gen. John J. Pershing; and

S. 3389. An act to provide for the establishment of the Joseph H. Hirshhorn Museum and Sculpture Garden, and for other purposes.

On November 8, 1966:

S. 688. An act to amend title III of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as amended, to provide for additional means and measures for land conservation and land utilization, and for other purposes; and

S.J. Res. 167. Joint resolution to enable the United States to organize and hold an International Conference on Water for Peace in the United States in 1967 and authorize an appropriation therefor.

On November 9, 1966:

S. 3887. An act to amend title 10, United States Code, to permit persons from countries friendly to the United States to receive instruction at the U.S. Military Academy, the U.S. Naval Academy, and the U.S. Air Force Academy, and for other purposes.

On November 10, 1966:

S. 195. An act for the relief of Sunnyside Seed Farms;

S. 1319. An act to authorize a work release program for persons sentenced by the courts of the District of Columbia; to define the powers and duties in relation thereto, and for other purposes.

S. 1661. An act for the relief of Samuel C. Neiburg; and

S. 2893. An act to amend section 208(c) to provide that certificates issued to motor common carriers of passengers pursuant to future applications shall not confer, as an incident to the grant of regular route authority, the right to transport special or chartered parties.

On November 11, 1966:

S. 2770. An act to amend title 18 of the United States Code so as to prohibit the use of likenesses of the great seal of the United States falsely to indicate Federal agency, sponsorship, or approval.

GEOHERMAL STEAM ACT OF 1966— MEMORANDUM OF DISAPPROVAL

On November 15, 1966, the Secretary of the Senate received from the President of the United States the following memorandum of disapproval on Senate bill S. 1674, the Geothermal Steam Act of 1966:

MEMORANDUM OF DISAPPROVAL ON S. 1674

I am withholding my approval from the Geothermal Steam Act of 1966.

I am taking this action because many of the principles embodied in the bill violate the public interest.

Geothermal steam is produced by the internal heat of the earth. It is well known to every schoolchild in America under other names. Old Faithful at Yellowstone is one example of a geothermal steam spring.

We know very little about how extensive or valuable our geothermal resources are. They may be an inexhaustible supply of energy. Today, for example, the

steam from a single geothermal spring is generating enough electricity to serve a community of 50,000 people. Geothermal springs may also hold untapped mineral wealth—such as gold, lithium, and silver.

These circumstances dictate a policy of prudence and reason in the leasing of Federal lands to develop this resource.

S. 1674 does just the opposite.

It ignores the basic lessons we have learned much to our sorrow—that our natural resources are priceless treasures which must be developed with wisdom and foresight.

The bill is flawed by six major provisions which run counter to sound public policy:

First. It provides for unfair and unlimited "grandfather" rights. The holders of mineral or mining leases on Federal lands as of September 7, 1965, would be automatically entitled to convert them into geothermal leases. This amounts to a free gift of valuable public property rights to these developers, and gives them an undue advantage over other prospective developers.

Second. It provides for maximum leases of 51,200 acres—an area four times greater than our experts say is needed for economical development. This could result in a single developer monopolizing the geothermal resources of entire States.

Third. It provides that royalties are payable only on steam "sold or utilized." This could encourage the wanton waste of a precious natural asset.

Fourth. It fails to provide specific and clear authority for the Government to readjust the lease terms and conditions at suitable intervals. The public deserves this protection because we still know so little about our geothermal resources.

Fifth. It provides for perpetual leases to the developer if steam is produced in commercial quantities. As a result, future generations of Americans will have lost their stake in the formulation of policies for a natural resource which may be inexhaustible, and whose potential we are only beginning to appreciate.

Sixth. It gives the developer 20 years in which to begin production. Our scientists and engineers say that this is too long a period and will encourage speculation.

In short, I have withheld my approval because this bill does not sufficiently protect the interests of the American people.

If these were only technical flaws in a measure providing for the necessary development of geothermal energy, I would gladly sign the bill. For I believe we must move vigorously to make use of this promising national asset.

But they are more than technical flaws. They represent a serious failure to protect the people's interest.

When we consider landmark legislation of this sort, dealing with a vast and little-known natural resource, we must remember that we are acting—not just for today or 5 years from today—but for decades to come. Once we have given away the people's interest in the wealth of their land, we cannot easily retrieve what has been lost. We must understand

that we are trustees for 200 million Americans. All that we do must protect their interest—and the interest of their children and grandchildren—in the rich legacy with which nature has endowed us.

This bill does not do that. And because it does not, I will not give it my approval.

This does not mean we should delay the development and use of these resources. Wise and prudent trustees do not lose opportunities to increase the value of the estate they manage. But we must assure ourselves that we have first protected the people's interest before we make our geothermal springs available for productive development.

I have directed the Secretary of the Interior and the Acting Attorney General to prepare a new proposal to accomplish our objectives—one that eliminates the pitfalls of the present bill.

Next year we will ask Congress for legislation to transform the potential of this national treasure into a reality. We will ask for legislation that will protect the public interest, encourage economic and efficient development with a fair and just return to the developer, and conserve the benefits of that development in coming generations. When that legislation comes before me, I shall sign it enthusiastically.

LYNDON B. JOHNSON.

THE WHITE HOUSE, November 14, 1966.

CONFIRMATIONS

Executive nominations confirmed by the Senate October 22, 1966:

POSTMASTERS

ARKANSAS

Thomas R. Holiman, Donaldson.
Roy L. Riales, Sr., Mena.

CALIFORNIA

Richard L. Waterbury, Gridley.

GEORGIA

Jerry E. Byers, Demorest.
Billy M. Daniell, Mableton.

ILLINOIS

Ernest Bickhaus, Jr., Quincy.

INDIANA

Edward P. Nonnweiler, Velpen.

KENTUCKY

Robert G. Hill, Florence.
Wendel R. Bridges, Morning View.

LOUISIANA

Kirby Allen, Clarks.

MASSACHUSETTS

Francis J. Morrison, Dalton.

MINNESOTA

Raymond H. Salzwedel, Lakefield.
Richard W. Brust, Olivia.
Gladys C. Johnson, Strandquist.

MISSISSIPPI

Isaac H. Whiteside, Ashland.

NEW JERSEY

Evelyn L. Bea, Dayton.
Joseph Sorelle, Glassboro.

NEW YORK

Gordon F. Hack, Beaver Falls.
Arlene H. Lockwood, Corbettsville.
Charles H. Knox, Copake.
John J. Lenhart, Hempstead.
Laura E. Maben, Jewett.

Sherman D. Dowle, Mexico.
Theodore A. Barkley, Salem.

PENNSYLVANIA

Ethel V. Zoltani, Conway.
Clifford P. Wenhold, Milford Square.
Richard J. Evans, Peckville.
Thomas V. Simonetti, Susquehanna.
Ann R. Daily, Wallingford.
Henry C. Slaczka, Wilmerding.

SOUTH CAROLINA

James R. Bennett, Blackstock.
Essie M. Eller, Hickory Grove.

SOUTH DAKOTA

Milton B. Severyn, Vivian.

TEXAS

Frank W. Hardesty, Big Spring.
Lowell C. Shuler, Bonham.
Wayne I. Burk, Dodd City.
August E. Hooge, Poteet.
William P. Smith, Queen City.
Maybelle J. Larsen, Rock Island.

WASHINGTON

Cleve R. Martin, Kettle Falls.

WEST VIRGINIA

Emmett A. Adler, Follansbee.

MISSISSIPPI RIVER COMMISSION

Maj. Gen. Robert George MacDonnell, O19361, U.S. Army, to be a member and President of the Mississippi River Commission, under the provisions of section 2 of an act of Congress approved June 28, 1879 (21 Stat. 37; 33 U.S.C. 642).

NATIONAL HIGHWAY SAFETY AGENCY

William Haddon, Jr., of New York, to be Administrator, National Highway Safety Agency.

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

Emmett J. Rice, of New York, to be U.S. Alternate Executive Director of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development for a term of 2 years and until his successor has been appointed.

U.S. ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT AGENCY

Samuel De Palma, of Maryland, a Foreign Service officer of class 1, to be an Assistant Director of the U.S. Arms Control and Disarmament Agency.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Robert G. Neumann, of California, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to Afghanistan.

UNESCO REPRESENTATIVES

Charles Frankel, of New York, to be Representative of the United States of America to the 14th session of the General Conference of the United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization.

William Benton, of Connecticut, to be Representative of the United States of America to the 14th session of the General Conference of the United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization.

Thomas F. Malone, of Connecticut, to be Representative of the United States of America to the 14th session of the General Conference of the United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization.

Nan Tucker McEvoy, of the District of Columbia, to be Representative of the United States of America to the 14th session of the General Conference of the United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization.

Joseph R. Smiley, of Colorado, to be Representative of the United States of America to the 14th session of the General Conference of the United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization.

Fredric R. Mann, of Pennsylvania, to be Alternate representative of the United States of America to the 14th session of the General