

# CRS Report for Congress

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## Membership of the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress: A Profile

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### Summary

This report presents a profile of the membership of the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress. Included is information on numbers of Members, party affiliation, average age and length of service, occupations, religious affiliation, military service, female and minority Members, and foreign-born Members.

Currently, in the House, there are 227 Republicans, 210 Democrats (including five Delegates), one Independent, who is aligned with the Democrats, and two vacancies. The Senate has 51 Republicans, 48 Democrats, and one Independent, who is aligned with the Democrats.

The average age of Representatives at the beginning of the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress was 53.9 years; of Senators, 59.5 years; and of both houses, 54.9. An overwhelming majority of Members have a college education. The dominant profession of Members continues to be law, followed by business.

Protestants collectively constitute the majority religious affiliation of Members. Roman Catholics account for the largest single religious denomination, and numerous other affiliations are represented.

At the beginning of the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress, the average length of service in the House was about 9 years (4.6 terms); in the Senate, 11.3 years or almost 2 terms.

A record number of 77 women serve in the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress: 63 in the House, 14 in the Senate. Also a record 25 Hispanic Members, all in the House, including one Delegate. There are 39 black Members, all in the House, including two Delegates. Seven Members are Asian or Native Hawaiian/other Pacific Islander. There are three American Indians.

This report will be revised at the commencement of the 109<sup>th</sup> Congress unless significant changes occur in the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress.

## The 108<sup>th</sup> Congress: A Profile<sup>1</sup>

Congress is composed of 540 individuals from the 50 states, as well as the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and American Samoa. This count assumes that no seat is temporarily vacant.<sup>2</sup> The following is a profile of the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress.

### Party Breakdown

In the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress, the current party breakdown in the House is 227 Republicans, 210 Democrats (including five Delegates), and one Independent who is aligned with the Democrats. The Senate has 51 Republicans, 48 Democrats, and one Independent who is aligned with the Democrats.

### Age

At the beginning of the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress, the average age of Senators was 59.5 years, almost the same as in the 107<sup>th</sup> Congress, which was older than at least the previous 17 Congresses.<sup>3</sup> The average age of Representatives was 53.9 years, about the same as in the previous Congress, but also older than the previous 17 congresses.<sup>4</sup> The average age of both houses was 54.9 years.

Representatives must be at least 25 years old when they take office. The youngest Representative, as well as youngest Member of Congress, is Adam Putnam (R-FL), 30. The oldest Representative is Ralph Hall (R-TX), 81.

Senators must be at least 30 years old when they take office. The youngest Senator is freshman Senator John Sununu (R-NH), who is 40 and a former Member of the House. The oldest Senator, as well as the oldest current Member of Congress, is Robert C. Byrd (D-WV), 86.

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<sup>1</sup> For background information on earlier Congresses, please refer to CRS Report RS20013, *Membership of the 106<sup>th</sup> Congress: A Profile*, by Mildred Amer; CRS Report RS20760, *Membership of the 107<sup>th</sup> Congress: A Profile*, by Mildred Amer; CRS Report RL30378, *Black Members of the United States Congress: 1789-2001*, by Mildred Amer; CRS Report RL30261, *Women in the United States Congress: 1917-2003*, by Mildred Amer; and CRS Report 97-398, *Asian Pacific Americans in the United States Congress*, by Lorraine Tong.

<sup>2</sup> Note there are two vacancies in the House. Since 1789, 11,711 individuals (not including Delegates and Resident Commissioners) have served in Congress: 9,836 only in the House, 1,240 only in the Senate, and 635 in both houses.

<sup>3</sup> Some of the information here, some of which is no longer available, was obtained from [oncongress.cq.com/pubviews/congresswatch108.jsp](http://oncongress.cq.com/pubviews/congresswatch108.jsp), the website of Congressional Quarterly, Inc.; and "Congress of Relative Newcomers Poses Challenge to Bush, Leadership," *CQ Weekly Report*, vol. 59, Jan. 20, 2001, "Average Age," *CQ Weekly Report*, vol. 57, Jan. 9, 1999, p. 61.

<sup>4</sup> Ibid.

## Occupations

As has been true in previous Congresses, law and business are the dominant professions in the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress.<sup>5</sup> Other professions include public service, education, agriculture, and journalism. A closer look at the prior occupations of Members of the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress also shows:

- eight medical doctors (including a psychiatrist), three dentists, two veterinarians, an optometrist, three nurses, one pharmacist, and three psychologists;
- five ministers;
- 35 mayors, 13 state Governors, 11 Lieutenant Governors (including two Delegates), two state first ladies (one of whom was also the first lady of the United States) and one territorial first lady, two former cabinet secretaries, two state supreme court justices, and a federal judge;
- a president of the National Conference on State Legislatures and 274 (232 in the House and 42 in the Senate) former state legislators;<sup>6</sup>
- 112 congressional staffers (including 10 congressional pages), 14 White House staffers or fellows, several former executive branch employees, a former aide to the Secretary of Defense, a former deputy administrator in the Veterans' Administration, a former deputy assistant Secretary of State, and a former ambassador;
- four police officers (including a Capitol policeman), two state troopers, two sheriffs, two volunteer firemen, two probation officers, and a border patrol chief;
- two FBI agents and one CIA agent;
- two physicists, two chemists, a biomedical researcher, a geologist, and a microbiologist;
- six Peace Corps volunteers;
- an astronaut, a professional magician, a semi-professional musician, two broadcasters, a television sportscaster, a television reporter, a motivational speaker, a commercial airlines pilot, a corporate pilot, a flight school instructor, a major league baseball player, a major league football player (who was also a college football coach), a florist, a librarian, two vintners; and

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<sup>5</sup> Congressional Quarterly, Inc, "*Congress Watch, A Guide to the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress.*"

<sup>6</sup> National Conference of State Legislators, "Former State Legislators in the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress," internal report made available to CRS.

- two auctioneers, two jewelry makers, a steelworker, a carpenter, an ironworker, a paper mill worker, a meat cutter, a river boat captain, a hotel bellhop, a taxicab driver, a race track blacksmith, and a “jackeroo” (cowboy) on a sheep-cattle ranch.

## Education<sup>7</sup>

As has been true in previous Congresses, the Members of the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress are well educated. At least 399 Members of the House and 97 Senators hold bachelor’s degrees; 124 Members of the House and 19 Senators have master’s degrees; 175 Members of the House and 59 Senators hold law degrees; 18 Members of the House have doctoral degrees; and 11 Members of the House and three Senators hold medical degrees.<sup>8</sup>

In addition, there are two graduates of the U. S. Military Academy, one in the House and one in the Senate; one Senator is a graduate of the U.S. Naval Academy; one Representative (a woman) is a graduate of the U.S. Air Force Academy; five Representatives and three Senators were Rhodes Scholars; one Representative was a Fulbright Scholar, and one was a Marshall Scholar.

## Congressional Service<sup>9</sup>

At the beginning of the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress, the average length of service of Members of the House was about 9 years or 4.6 terms, the highest it has been since the 102<sup>nd</sup> Congress (1992-1993). Representatives are elected for 2-year terms. Representative John Dingell (D-MI) has the longest consecutive service of any Member of the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress (48 years). Currently the dean of the House, he began serving on December 13, 1955.<sup>10</sup>

At the beginning of the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress, the average length of service of Senators was nearly 11.3 years, the highest since the 103<sup>rd</sup> Congress (1993-1995). Senators are elected for 6-year terms. Senator Robert C. Byrd (D-WV) has served longer (45 years) than any other incumbent Member of the Senate. His service began on January 3, 1959. Senator Ted Stevens (R-AK), the Senate President pro tempore, is the current Republican Senator with the longest Senate service (35 years). He has served since December 24, 1968.

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<sup>7</sup> “Guide to the New Congress,” *CQ Daily Monitor*, vol. 38, no. 161, Nov. 7, 2002, pp. 21-45.

<sup>8</sup> Six Reps., one Sen., and one Del. have an M.D. degree; three Reps. have a D.D.S. (doctor of dental surgery) degree; two Sens. have a D.V.M. (doctor of veterinary medicine) degree; and one Rep. has an O.D. (doctor of optometry) degree.

<sup>9</sup> Note that 49 Sens. in the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress have previously served in the House of Representatives.

<sup>10</sup> Rep. Philip M. Crane (R-IL), who has served in the House for 34 years, is the Republican in the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress with the longest continuous House service.

## Religion<sup>11</sup>

Most Members of the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress cite a specific religious affiliation. Protestants (Episcopalians, Methodists, Baptists, Presbyterians, and others) collectively constitute the majority religious affiliation of Members. However, Roman Catholics account for the largest single religious denomination. Other affiliations, such as Greek Orthodox, Jewish, Christian Scientist, and The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints (Mormon), make up the balance.

## Female and Minority Members

A record number of 77 women serve in the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress: 63 in the House (one more than the record number of 62 in the 107<sup>th</sup> Congress), and 14 in the Senate. The 14 female Senators are a new record. Of the 63 women in the House, 42 are Democrats, including three Delegates, and 21 are Republicans. In the Senate, nine women are Democrats; five are Republicans.

A record 25 Hispanic Members are in the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress. All serve in the House, and one is a Delegate. Twenty are Democrats, seven are women. Two Hispanic Members are brothers, and two are sisters. Mario and Lincoln Diaz-Balart are Republicans from Florida. Linda and Loretta Sanchez are Democrats from California.<sup>12</sup>

Currently, there are 39 black Members of the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress, two fewer than the record number of 41 in the 104<sup>th</sup> Congress. All 39, including two Delegates, serve in the House and are Democrats. Thirteen black women serve in the House, including two Delegates.

Seven Members are of Asian or Native Hawaiian/other Pacific Islander heritage. Five serve in the House and two in the Senate. One is a Delegate, and one is an African American with Filipino heritage. All are Democrats.

There are three American Indian Members of the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress. Two, one from each party, serve in the House. The third is a Republican Member of the Senate.

## Foreign Born<sup>13</sup>

Eight Members of the House were born outside the United States. Their places of birth include Cuba, Hungary, Taiwan, Japan, Mexico, Pakistan, and the Netherlands. No current Senators were born outside the United States, although a number of previous Senators were foreign born.

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<sup>11</sup> Congressional Quarterly, Inc., "Members' Religious Affiliation," *Congressional Quarterly Weekly Report*, , vol. 61, no. 4, Jan. 25, 2003, p. 193.

<sup>12</sup> Note that brothers Sen. Carl Levin (D-MI), and Rep. Sander Levin (D-MI) also serve in the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress as well as Sen. Ted Kennedy (D-MA) and his son Rep. Patrick Kennedy (D-RI).

<sup>13</sup> "Born Abroad," *CQ Daily Monitor*, vol. 36, no. 135, Sept. 12, 2000, p.7, supplemented by CRS.

## **Military Service<sup>14</sup>**

There are 153 Members of the 108<sup>th</sup> Congress who have had some form of military service, some 14 fewer than in the 107<sup>th</sup> Congress. The House has 117 veterans: 69 Republicans and 48 Democrats, including one woman, who is a Republican. In the Senate, 35 Members are veterans: 19 Republicans and 16 Democrats. They have served in World War II, the Korean War, Vietnam, the Persian Gulf, and Kosovo, and during times of peace, as well as in the Reserves and the National Guard. One Senator is a former Secretary of the Navy. There has been a steady decline in the number of Members who have served in the military, which may be attributed in part to the end of the Selective Service System draft in 1973.

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<sup>14</sup> Some information here is from the Military Officers Association of Americans Office [[http://www.moaa.org/Legislative/Handbook/FactSheets/LegisTips/legislative\\_tips\\_5.asp](http://www.moaa.org/Legislative/Handbook/FactSheets/LegisTips/legislative_tips_5.asp)], visited June 29, 2004.